# Sadako and the Thousand Paper Cranes Eleanor Coerr

## Introductory Activity - Prologue

## Materials Needed:

- -Sadako and the Thousand Paper Cranes by Eleanor Coerr
- -Text connection worksheet

#### TEKS:

**7.Fig19F** - Make connections between and across texts, including other media (e.g., film, play), and provide textual evidence.

## **Objectives:**

Students will read the prologue from <u>Sadako and the Thousand Paper Cranes</u> and identify why Sadako has been deemed a hero.

Students will make a connection from another text or a form of media with text evidence to Sadako.

## Vocabulary to know:

**Hero/Heroine** – a person who is honored or admired for an action or character trait they have

**Connection** – a relationship or similarity

**Prologue –** an introduction

**Hiroshima** – place in Japan

**Air Force** – unit of the military

World War II - World War that involved multiple countries

**Radiation** – spreading of waves that are not natural to the human body

**Courage -** bravery

#### Hook:

-See if students can identify any heroes in their own lives or the lives of others. Allow students to share stories of their hero examples.

#### Introduction:

- -Give the students the novel <u>Sadako and the Thousand Paper Cranes</u> and tell them the story is about a hero.
- -Introduce the prologue of the story and explain the concept of a prologue (the prologue is an introduction to the story where they can learn basic information about the story before they read)

#### **Activity:**

-As appropriate (shared, guided, or independent reading) have students read the prologue of the story

- -Review vocabulary with the students
- -Consider basic comprehension questions:
  - -Where did the bomb explode?
  - -How did Sadako die?
  - -Why was Sadako labeled a hero?
- -Give students the text connection worksheet
  - Model a text connection with specific evidence for the connection
  - -Allow students to independently fill-out their text connection

## -In closing:

-Have students share their text connections with their peers and see how many heroes the class can come-up with. Ask the students to identify the reasons people are identified as heroes? Are heroic people always courageous?

### **Extension Activities:**

- -Give students a venn diagram to show the comparison between courage and heroism and have them analyze differences and similarities. Then have students write a paragraph explaining what it could mean that Sadako was identified as a hero for her courage.
- -Allow students to be a newscaster and made a short clip of themself explaining a recent current event where a person was found to be heroic. Have the student compare the news hero to Sadako in their news clip.